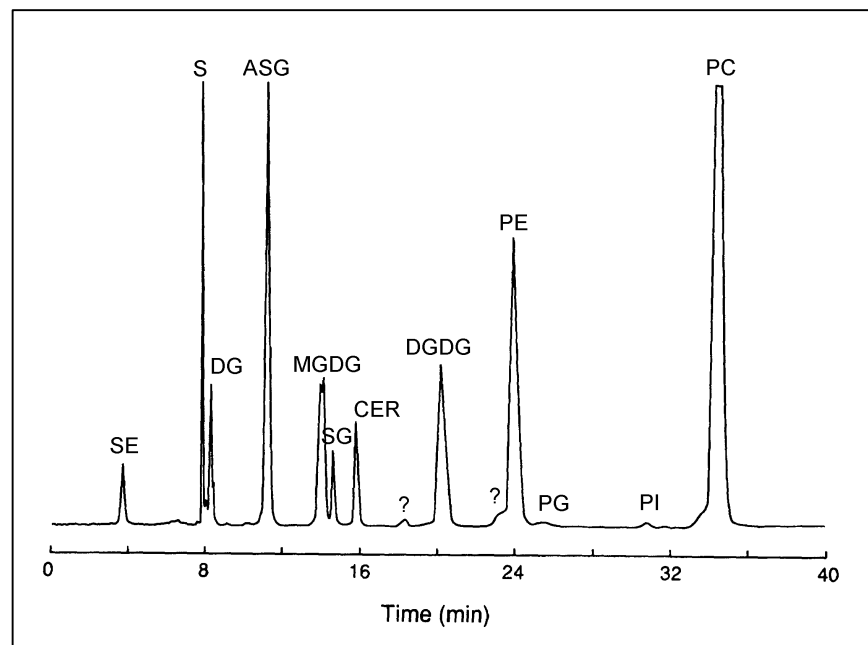


SEPARATION OF LIPID CLASSES FROM PLANT TISSUES



William W. Christie & R. Anne Urwin- *J. High Resol. Chromatogr.*,
Vol.18, Feb. 1995

EUROSEP Instruments

Tel. : +33(0)1 34 22 95 22 - Fax : +33(0)1 34 22 95 32

E-Mail: eurosep@eurosep.com - Internet <http://www.eurosep.com>

The authors have selected a new phase as excellent resolution of acidic lipids between PE and PC was achieved.

The most important non-polar lipids, simple (free and esterified sterols, tri and diglycerides) and more (steryl and acylsteril glycosides) complex are well separated ahead of glycolipids (glycero- or sphingolipids) and phospholipids.

Chromatographic conditions :

Column : YMC PVA-Sil (250 x 4,6 mm 3 μ m).

Mobile Phase : Gradient separation of :

A - isooctane/methyl ter-butyl ether (98/2)

B - isopropanol/ACN/CH₃Cl/AcOH(84/8/8/0,025)

C - propanol-1/water/triethylamine (50/50/0,2)

ELSD Temperature : 35°C

Compounds

S: Sterols	SE: Sterol Esters	SG: Steryl glycosides
MGDG: Monogalactosyldiacylglycerols	DGDG: Digalactosyldiacylglycerols	
PE: Phosphatidylethanolamine	PG: Phosphatidylglycerols	
PC: Phosphatidylcholine	ASG: Acylsterylglycosides	
PI: Phosphatidylinositol	DG: Diacylglycerol	
PG: Phosphatidylglycerol	CER: Cerebrosides	